

**REMARKS**

At the outset, the Examiner is thanked for the thorough review and consideration of the pending application. The final Office Action dated November 3, 2005, has been received and its contents carefully reviewed.

Claims 3-6 and 13-35 are rejected to by the Examiner. Claims 23, 25, 27, 29, and 31-35 have been amended. Claims 3-6 and 13-35 remain pending in this application.

In the Office Action, claims 3, 4, 6, 16-22 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,232,944 to Kumagawa et al. (hereinafter "Kumagawa"). Claims 23-31, 34 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kumagawa. Claims 5, 13-15, 32, and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,311,169 to Inada et al (hereinafter "Inada") in view of Kumagawa.

The rejection of claims 3, 4, 6, 16-31, 34, and 35 is respectfully traversed and reconsideration is requested. Claims 3, 4, 6, 16-31, 34, and 35 are allowable over the cited references in that each of these claims is directed to a matrix type liquid crystal panel with a plurality of thin film transistors. Kumagawa is directed to a super twisted nematic (STN) type of liquid crystal display (LCD). Kumagawa teaches that the STN LCD is lower cost than thin film transistor LCD's. (See column 1, lines 5-15.) So not only does the STN LCD not have the plurality of thin film transistors of the present invention, the STN LCD has a different driving mode of operation and teaches away from a TFT LCD. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully submits that claims 3, 4, 6, 16-31, 34, and 35 are allowable over the cited references.

The rejection of claims 5, 13-15, 32, and 33 is respectfully traversed and reconsideration is requested. Claims 5, 13-15, 32, and 33 are allowable over the cited references in that each of these claims is directed to a matrix type liquid crystal panel with a plurality of thin film transistors. Inada is directed to a drive method for capacitive display device. (See Title and Abstract.) The Examiner points to the Abstract where a passing reference is made to a liquid crystal display. No where else in the patent is an LCD mentioned, and the invention is clearly directed to an electroluminescence display. (See column 1, lines 15-38 and column 9, lines 33-48.) Further, Inada does not disclose TFTs connected to each scan and signal wire. Inada is combined with Kumagawa, and the deficiencies of Kumagawa discussed above and apply in this

case as well. So even if one were to combine Inada and Kumagawa they do not teach the TFT's of the present invention. Accordingly, Applicant respectfully submits that claims 5, 13-15, 32, and 33 are allowable over the cited references.

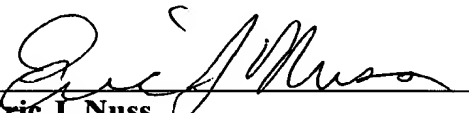
Applicants believe the foregoing amendments place the application in condition for allowance and early, favorable action is respectfully solicited.

If for any reason the Examiner finds the application other than in condition for allowance, the Examiner is requested to call the undersigned attorney at (202) 496-7500 to discuss the steps necessary for placing the application in condition for allowance. All correspondence should continue to be sent to the below-listed address.

If these papers are not considered timely filed by the Patent and Trademark Office, then a petition is hereby made under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136, and any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136 for any necessary extension of time, or any other fees required to complete the filing of this response, may be charged to Deposit Account No. 50-0911. Please credit any overpayment to deposit Account No. 50-0911. *A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.*

Respectfully submitted,

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